



MERAFE
RESOURCES

APPENDIX 2

Remuneration
Policy



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1. Remuneration Policy

1.1. REMUNERATION PHILOSOPHY, STRATEGY AND POLICY

Remuneration philosophy

Merafe Resources Limited's (the "Company's") guiding philosophy is to employ high-calibre, high-performing employees who subscribe to the values and culture of our Company. We recognise that our employees are integral to the achievement of our corporate objectives and they are accordingly remunerated for their contribution and the value they deliver.

Our Company is committed to fair, responsible and transparent remuneration across the business in respect of all employees on all levels. Both the fixed and variable elements of remuneration, aim to support Company performance and value creation in the short, medium and long term, as well as to support the achievement of strategic objectives within the Company's risk appetite.

This policy is applicable to all employees of Merafe Resources Limited.

Our remuneration strategy and policy are regularly reviewed by the Remuneration and Nomination Committee ("Committee") to ensure they are appropriate and relevant in the support of sustainable business performance and in promoting an ethical culture and responsible corporate citizenship.

Remuneration strategy

Our remuneration strategy is designed to be aligned with our business strategy and the execution thereof to promote positive outcomes. Since we strive to attract, retain, motivate and reward employees for executing our business strategy, their remuneration must clearly be market-related and independent third parties are used by our Committee for the purpose of benchmarking to the appropriate segment. The general principle of our remuneration strategy is to structure executive and employee remuneration to include:

- A guaranteed annual package and benefits;
- An annual variable performance incentive;
- Ownership of shares through the long-term incentive scheme, which is based on performance with the aim of creating a strong alignment to shareholder goals.

The remuneration strategy and policy are communicated to all employees during the year, together with our expectations around their contribution to the success of our organisation.

Remuneration policy

The key principles of the remuneration policy are that:

- The policies are governed by the Committee which regularly reviews them to ensure they are relevant and support Company strategy;
- Guaranteed remuneration is targeted at the median to lower quartile of the relevant market against which pay is benchmarked, in order to attract and retain high-calibre and high performing employees;
- It is Company policy that all employees are members of medical and retirement funds and have group life and disability cover;
- Annual salary adjustments are governed by factors such as the consumer price index (CPI), retention strategies, the producer price index (PPI), industry performance, projected growth, contractual arrangements, affordability, and industry average increase surveys, which will be taken into consideration in setting the recommended increase. The Committee will approve or set the overall increase percentage that will be applied on a Company basis. Salary adjustments are at the discretion of the Board;
- Variable pay is an important component of remuneration at Merafe and both annual and long term performance-based schemes which support our business strategy are in place;
- The short-term incentive scheme performance measures are assessed by the Committee and these measures are determined by taking into account corporate, individual, financial and non-financial criteria. The measures are applicable to the time period to which the scheme relates;
- The long-term incentive scheme measures are based on total shareholder return and a financial measure, appropriately weighted, as determined by the Committee from time to time, aligned to business requirements;
- Executive remuneration is aligned to shareholder value creation through the long-term incentive scheme;
- Where necessary, both short-term and long-term incentive schemes are benchmarked against the appropriate database by the Committee; and
- The over-riding principle governing payments for non-executive directors is that they will be made in the context of good governance and aligned to the relevant market.

1.2. REMUNERATION AND NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Responsibility for the reward strategy rests with the Company's Board of Directors ("Board") who in turn appoints the Committee. The Committee comprises at least three members, the majority of whom are independent non-executive directors and is governed by formal Terms of Reference.

The Terms of Reference inter alia clearly deal with matters such as (1) composition of the Committee, (2) roles and responsibilities, (3) delegated authority, (4) tenure and rotation of the Committee members, (5) reporting requirement and compliance, (6) access to information and resources, (7) meeting procedures to be followed and (8) arrangements for the evaluation of the Committee's performance.

The primary role of the Committee is to ensure that the Company's directors and senior executives are fairly rewarded for their individual contributions to the Company's overall performance. The Committee also aims to ensure that remuneration is appropriate to attract, retain and motivate the right calibre of directors and senior executives, who will strive to achieve the overall goals of the Company. The Committee must demonstrate to all stakeholders that the remuneration of senior executives is set by a committee of Board members who:

- Have no personal interest in the outcome of their decisions;
- Give due regard to the interest of the shareholders and the financial and commercial health of the Company;
- Take cognizance of market related remuneration, incentive bonuses and share incentive schemes as well as market trends; and in addition
- Play an active role in succession planning activities, notably for the chief executive officer and executive management.

The Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on remuneration policy for directors and, to the extent it deems necessary, makes comparisons between remuneration packages currently available to the company's own executive directors and those available to directors of other companies of a similar size in the comparable industry. Comparisons are also made with other companies in South Africa and, if relevant, internationally.

The Committee shall also take into account a number of principles, being inter alia:

- Industry standards and comparisons with businesses in the same industry;
- Expertise and qualifications of individuals;

- The risks associated with companies in the mining sector;
- The importance of the individual to the Company and his/her contribution;
- Retention measures and motivation for the executive not to leave the Company;
- Restraint of trade provisions; and
- Nature of the position (role expectations, work load, etc.).

1.3. EXECUTIVE PAY MIX

Executive pay mix is defined as the balance targeted between the major components of executive remuneration, namely:

- Guaranteed pay – based on Total Guaranteed Cost of Employment (“TCtC”)
- Variable pay for performance
 - Short term incentives in the form of annual cash incentives (“STI”); and
 - The expected value from long-term incentives (“LTI”).

Note: Expected value is defined as the present value of the future reward outcome of an offer, given the targeted future performance of the Company and of its share price. It should not be confused with the term “fair value” which is used when establishing the accounting cost for reflection in a Company’s financial statements. Neither should it be confused with the term “face value” which is used to define the current value of the underlying share at the time of an offer.

The Company’s targeted pay mix aims to align the incentives of employees with the interests of shareholders. It is recognized that through acquisitions and business combinations over time, there will always be some deviation from the targeted pay mix structure across the Company. However the balance between TCtC, STI and LTI for executive directors are shown for illustrative purposes in the schematic below, at various performance levels.

Table 1: Target reward mix for Chief Executive Officer (%)

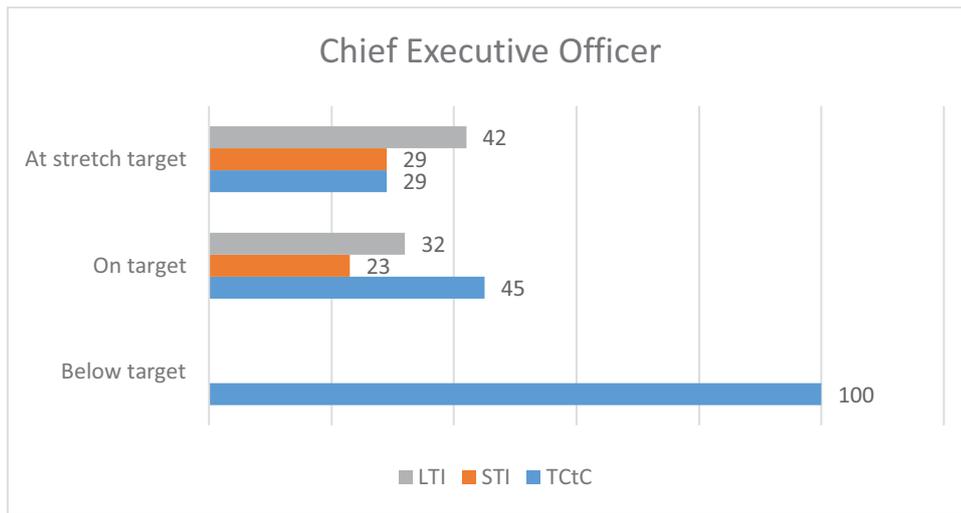
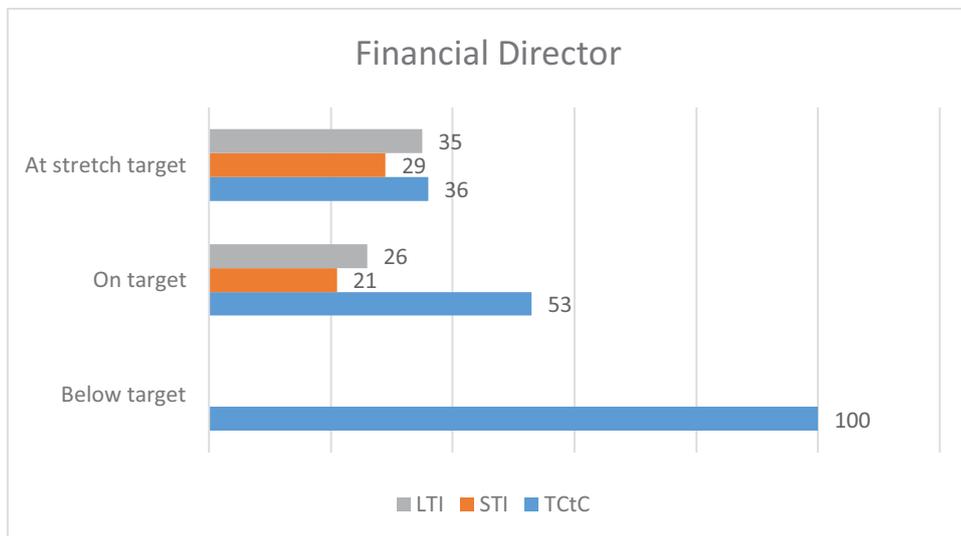


Table 2: Target reward mix for Financial Director (%)



1.4. GUARANTEED PAY

Merafe aims to establish and maintain an integrated pay line with pay levels that ensure that it is able to remain competitive, while managing costs. Executive remuneration in respect of guaranteed pay is expressed in terms of TCtC.

An employee's TCtC consists of the following elements:

- Basic salary;
- Car and other cash allowances and/or perquisites;
- Employer contributions to the medical aid;
- Employer contributions to the retirement funding; and

- Employer contributions to risk benefits.

Salaries are reviewed annually and are targeted at the median to lower quartile of the relevant market. The Company conducts benchmarking exercises at least every second year against the top management reward surveys conducted by large consultancies. The benchmark used is the median to lower quartile total guaranteed cost of employment for similar positions in similarly sized listed companies.

The Committee has regard principally to companies in the RSA market, which are of similar size, complexity, and scope to the Company. The Committee also takes into account business performance, salary practices prevailing for other employees in the Company and, when setting individual salaries, the individual's performance and experience in the role.

Although salaries are reviewed annually, the Board reserves the right not to grant increases should circumstances so dictate. In addition, benefits offered are also reviewed on an annual basis to ensure that employees' needs are addressed fairly, schemes are cost effective, well governed and competitive.

1.5. SHORT TERM INCENTIVES (STI)

Merafe's annual incentives are aimed at rewarding a combination of both business and individual performance in order to support a Company-wide performance culture. The incentive pool is determined as a percentage of Net Profit after Tax and the scheme is therefore self-funding. Financial and non-financial criteria as well as individual performance determine the distribution of the pool to individuals. Incentive awards are at the discretion of the Board after due consideration of Company and individual performance.

The Committee follows a less mechanistic approach in determining the bonus awards in order to reward outstanding performance more appropriately and to ensure that undue windfalls are mediated. As indicated above, the incentive scheme performance measures are assessed by the Committee and these measures are determined by taking into account the Company's financial and non-financial criteria as well as individual performance.

All STI awards are based on performance against inter alia, the following measures:

- Company measures: These include but are not limited to profitability, funding, growth of business, cost management, sustainability and safety; and

- Individual measures: For the Chief Executive Officer and Financial Director, these include but are not limited to stakeholder engagement, talent management, leadership and reporting.

Targets are set by the Board on an annual basis as determined by Company strategy, business plan and operating conditions. Targets are set to ensure that performance is measured appropriately in accordance with a five-point rating scale. In addition, the Board will apply appropriate weights to measures in order to focus behaviour and performance, related to the strategic focus for the performance period.

Although measures and targets are determined at the start of the performance period, the Board may revise these measures and targets should prevailing business conditions indicate this to be necessary or in response to any other changes in the operating environment. All such changes, which represent the discretionary aspect of the policy, will be disclosed on an annual basis.

As indicated above, individual performance is primarily assessed from predetermined criteria of key performance areas or value drivers. The selection of these is informed by the Company's business plan.

These metrics are assessed against a five-point scale as follows:

Rating	Description	Definition
1	Poor	Indicates poor performance. All or most threshold targets not met.
2	Needs improvement	Performance against target is fair, however, performance against key measures is below threshold or target.
3	Satisfactory	Performance on target in respect of most or all measures.
4	Good	Performance exceeds target on most or all measures. Have reached stretched target on a number of key measures.
5	Outstanding/ excellent	Significant out performance. All stretched targets met or exceeded.

The total STI pool available is capped at 3% of Net Profit after Tax. No incentives are payable where the Net Profit after Tax in any financial year is less than R125 million. These parameters are revised by the Board on an annual basis for relevance and appropriateness.

In addition, the percentage of STI is capped for the various categories of employees as set out below:

Position	Maximum% TCtC
CEO	100%
FD	80%
Senior management	60%
Management	50%
Administrative staff	30%

The total pool for incentives that become available for distribution will not be exceeded at any time.

STI potential is benchmarked between the median and 75th percentile of the relevant market which is deemed appropriate when considered along with the guaranteed pay benchmarked at between the median and 25th percentile of the market.

The final incentive calculation is undertaken by aggregating the incentive claims of all participants and comparing this to the pool derived from company performance.

1.6. LONG TERM INCENTIVES

Background

The purpose of the share incentive scheme is:

- To serve as an incentive and to reward employees of the Company and its subsidiaries for services rendered and to be rendered;
- To promote the continued growth of the Company by giving employees an opportunity to acquire shares in the Company;
- To serve as a retention mechanism for employees whose services are regarded by the Company as crucial to the future growth and sustainability of the business.

The share incentive scheme further seeks to align employee interests with those of shareholders and to support a culture of ownership, with a focus on Company performance and sustainable growth.

Long term incentives, in the form of a share incentive scheme, have been in existence in the Company since 1999. The current share scheme was approved on 13 April 2010, under which both share options and share grants may be issued.

Eligibility and participation

All employees of the Company are eligible for share allocations in respect of the share incentive scheme rules, subject to Board approval and the prevailing implementation policy.

Shares to be allocated

Under the rules of the share incentive plan, the following shares may be offered:

- Share options which will be granted at the offer price; and
- Share grants being full value shares.

Vesting rules and settlement

Generally share options vest one third per year on the 3rd, 4th & 5th anniversaries and are settled by physical delivery of shares against receipt of payment of the option price. The options lapse after seven (7) years if not exercised, whilst employed within the group.

Share grants are granted by the Board on the recommendation of the Committee. They vest one third per year on the 3rd, 4th & 5th anniversaries and are settled by physical delivery of shares. Alternatively, the Company has the right to settle in cash the value of shares granted.

Equity settlement will take the form of repurchasing of shares on the open market for the benefit of the employee whose shares have vested. The Company reserves the right to issue new shares for purposes of settlement.

Participation and termination rules

In the event of an employee leaving the group for a reason approved by the directors, such as retirement or disability (no fault terminations), all performance shares granted will vest, subject to the application of performance conditions. No pro-ration of shares will apply. All approved terminations will be disclosed on an annual basis.

In the event of the death of an employee, all performance shares allocated will vest with no performance conditions or pro-ration applied.

In the event of either a no fault termination or an employee's death, the employee or his/her estate has 12 and 24 months respectively to exercise share options granted to that employee. In the event of retirement at the earliest date allowed by the retirement fund, the employee will have one year to exercise their share options allocated.

In the event of voluntary termination (i.e. resignation) or a fault termination (i.e. those that leave as a result of a dismissal or poor performance), any right to any shares and all unvested allocations will lapse immediately upon termination. No further claims may be laid to such lapsed shares, whether full value or shares options.

In the event of a change in contract of employment, e.g. lateral moves or promotions, the participant will remain entitled to previous share allocations, subject to vesting periods, vesting schedules and prevailing performance conditions and criteria as set out during the initial share allocation.

In the event of a reconstruction or takeover, share allocations will vest on a pro-rata basis subject to the Committee evaluating the applicable performance conditions and determining the number of shares per participant.

Performance vs. retention shares

During 2013 a decision was made by the Committee to vary for the balance between performance and retention oriented grants or options and also to simplify the performance criteria that determine the vesting of the performance grants.

The balance between performance oriented share grants and the retention oriented share grants for the CEO was weighted 70% in favour of the performance oriented share grants. For executive directors and senior managers these percentages were 60% and 50% (respectively). All other participants received only retention oriented share grants.

In response to shareholder requirements for more share grants to be subject to performance conditions as opposed to retention shares, the allocation policy was revised in 2018 as follows:

Table 3: Revised LTI allocation policy

Employee group	Merafe LTI offer policy		
	LTIP (expected value) % of TCtC	Targeted offer value % of TCtC	Balance performance/ retention
Chief Executive Officer	70%	60%	100/0
Chief Financial Officer	50%	45%	100/0
Senior Management	40%	40%	100/0
Management	30%	35%	100/0
Administration	20%	25%	100/0

All future share allocations will be performance based. In order to balance back to the reward mix and expected outcomes, the targeted value of the share allocation as a percentage of TCtC was increased as per Table 3 as it is not expected that all performance based shares will vest at the end of the period.

Performance criteria

The performance criteria for all existing performance oriented share grants will remain in place, but future grants will be governed by two metrics, (1) Comparison of Merafe’s Total Shareholder Return (“TSR”) over a three year period with that of a selection of JSE listed, small cap mining and resources companies, and (2) Growth in Headline Earnings per share (CPI + a specified percentage as determined by the Board) over a three year period. The two measures will weigh 50/50 or as determined by the Board from time to time. Measures will be applied per performance share allocation and will remain in force for the duration of the performance period. Performance measures and targets are approved for and applicable to a specific performance period. No retesting of performance conditions is allowed.

The Committee will assess performance against target once the applicable performance period is completed and approve the vesting of performance shares to the extent that targets are met.

Performance measure I: Total Shareholder Return

The comparator group for Total Shareholder Return (“TSR”) is constituted as follows:

Table 4: TSR Comparator Group (revised for 2020)

No	Company	Ticker
1	Royal Bafokeng Platinum	RBP
2	Harmony Gold Mining Company	HAR
3	Pan African Resources plc	PAN
4	Merafe Resources Ltd	MRF
5	Tharisa plc	THA
6	MC Mining Limited	MCZ
7	DRDGold Ltd	DRD
8	Wesizwe Platinum Ltd	WEZ
9	Hulamin Ltd	HLM
10	Arcelor Mittal Ltd	ACL
11	Northam Platinum Ltd	NHM
12	Wescoal	WSL

Assuming that a group of 12 (11 + Merafe) companies are adopted as the comparator group of companies, vesting of the performance based share grants will be in accordance with the following policy:

- 50% of performance shares allocated will be subject to performance against the TSR measure;
- If Merafe's TSR over the three year period places it in one of the top four positions, then the full number of performance granted shares subject to this measure will vest in equal proportions on the 3rd, 4th, & 5th anniversaries of their grant;
- If Merafe's performance over the three year period places it in 5th position, then two thirds of the number of performance granted shares will vest in equal proportions on the 3rd, 4th, & 5th anniversaries of their grant;
- If Merafe's TSR over the three year period places it in 6th position, then one third of the number of performance granted shares will vest in equal proportions on the 3rd, 4th, & 5th anniversaries of their grant; and
- If Merafe's TSR over the three year places it below 6th position, then none of the performance shares will vest.

Table 5 below provides details of the revised vesting schedule for performance shares subject to the TSR measure:

Table 5: Revised vesting schedule TSR

Vesting schedule over three years - Total Shareholder Return (TSR)	
Merafe TSR position/ ranking relative to peers	Vesting quantity % of allocation*
Position 1 - 4	100%
Position 5	66.6%
Position 6	33.3%
Position 7 or less	0%
* Vesting over three years in equal portion	

Performance measure II: Growth in Headline Earnings per share (HEPS)

Assuming that the performance targets below are set by the Board as illustrated in **Table 6**, vesting of the performance based share grants will be in accordance with the following policy:

- 50% of performance shares allocated will be subject to performance against the growth in HEPS measure;
- If performance meets or exceeds target, i.e. CPI + 2% over the performance period, 100% of shares will vest;
- If performance is at threshold, i.e. CPI + 1% over the performance period, 50% of shares subject to this measure will vest;
- For performance below threshold, 0% of shares subject to this measure, will vest; and
- Linear vesting will take place between different performance milestones.

Table 6: Vesting schedule for Growth in HEPS measure

Vesting schedule over three years - Growth in HEPS	
HEPS target	Vesting quantity % of allocation*
	Proposed
On target CPI + 2%	100%
Threshold CPI + 1%	50%
Below threshold	0%
* Vesting over three years in equal portion	

LTI offer policy

The following principles will govern the LTI offer policy:

- Share options will only be given at the discretion of the Board as and when circumstances dictate and only to executive management that have direct line of sight in terms of Company performance;
- Full value shares, with performance conditions, will be granted to all employees on an annual basis subject to ongoing satisfactory individual performance, the expected value of which will be in accordance with the Company's reward strategy – pay mix;
- Full value shares may be offered to new appointees as an attraction measure, the value of which will be determined and approved by the Committee, and will be subject to a minimum of three years vesting period;
- Share grants will be in favour of performance based shares, with all shares granted subject to performance measures over a three year period;
- Share grants will be offered to employees with only performance based shares and no retention shares;
- The value of the share grant will be calculated as a percentage of the current TCtC guaranteed package;
- No offer shall be made which together with any other scheme shares would exceed 5% of total issued share capital of the Company;
- The maximum aggregate number of shares granted or options allocated to a single participant, shall be limited to 1% of the total issued share capital of the Company;
- Prior to vesting, no participant will qualify to receive any dividends declared;
- The Company will communicate to participants, at least on an annual basis, in terms of shares granted, vesting and/or any changes in rules or conditions of participation; and
- All share grants and options will be disclosed over its lifetime in the annual Remuneration Report.

1.7. CONTRACTS OF EMPLOYMENT

Senior and executive management are subject to the Company's standard terms and conditions of employment where notice periods are between three and six months. In line with the recommendations set out in the King reports, company policy prevents any senior or executive manager from being compensated for loss of office.

None of the senior or executive management have extended employment contracts or special termination benefits or balloon payments.

In the event of a change of control of the Company (As defined in the Companies Act) where the Company no longer required an executive to fulfil their specific role post the change of control, the

Company shall pay to the executive 12 months remuneration on the last day of the notice period and after completion of handover of duties, for existing executives as at 2019. From 2020 onwards all newly appointed executives will have their termination payments aligned to their contractual notice period.

1.8. RETENTION MEASURES

The Committee reserves the right to apply retention measures should circumstances so indicate. Retention measures may include cash or equity awards and will be appropriately disclosed on an annual basis.

1.9. MALUS AND CLAWBACK

Any remuneration previously paid to executive directors that is subsequently found to have been the result of criminal or otherwise illegal activities, must be repaid to the Company.

In the event of restatement of the Company's results (other than a restatement caused by a change in accounting policy, standards or interpretation) which results in lower performance based remuneration calculated on the restated results, the Committee shall review such performance-based remuneration, determine the amount to be recovered from the executive and take steps to recover the amount.

The Board reserves the right to cancel any share allocation for all or individual participants if during the vesting period there is evidence of serious underperformance or misrepresentation of information e.g. gross negligence, overstatement of performance, unnecessary risk taking, poor governance and non-compliance.

1.10. NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' FEES

The remuneration of non-executive directors is provided in the context of good governance, and is primarily based upon a methodology, which takes into account expertise, contribution by the director and attendance. Standard duties of non-executive directors include preparation for and attendance at Board meetings, AGMs and results presentations. If required, the directors may be requested to perform work outside of their standard duties and for this they will be remunerated based upon the time spent and their level of expertise.

Independent benchmark advice is sought as to levels of remuneration for non-executive directors and the present policy is that non-executive directors will be remunerated at the median to lower quartile of listed companies of a similar size, in order to ensure that appropriately qualified and experienced directors are appointed.

Non-executive directors' fees will be tabled for approval by the shareholders of the company on an annual basis. The fees paid to different roles such as chairman may vary from the fees paid to other non-executive directors.

Fees are split between a retainer (60%) and per meeting fee (40%), which is aligned to industry practice.

Non-executive directors will not participate in any share based incentive scheme or any other incentive scheme that the company may implement, to avoid any potential conflict of interest.

1.11. REVIEW

This policy was approved by the Company on 4 March 2020 and will be reviewed annually against current legislation and practice for approval by shareholders during the Annual General Meeting.



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